



## NR 445 Technical Advisory Group

# Proposal For Control Of Emissions From Compressed-Ignition Internal Combustion Engines Combusting Fuel Oil

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**Caroline Garber**, 608-264-9218

garbec@dnr.state.wi.us

**Jeff Myers**, 608-266-2879

myersj @dnr.state.wi.us

**Andrew Stewart**, 608-266-5499

stewaa @dnr.state.wi.us

Bureau of Air Management



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# Purpose

- ◆ To Lay Out & Explain Basis For Proposal To Reduce Emissions Of Particulate Matter (PM) From Combustion Of Fuel Oil In Compressed-Ignition Internal Combustion Engines.
- ◆ Considers Comments Received From Stakeholders Since Original Proposal (April 2001)



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# Applicability

- ◆ Emissions From Stationary Sources
  - ◆ Compressed-ignition internal combustion engines burning fuel oil
  - ◆ 100 Horsepower (HP) and greater
- ◆ Exempt engines
  - ◆ Emergency electric generators (3000 kilowatts or less operating no more than 200 hours per year)
  - ◆ Used to provide essential human services



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# What Type of Engine Applications Are Affected?

- ◆ A Facility Which Test Engines They Either Manufacture and/or Assemble Into Original Equipment
- ◆ An Engine(s) Used In A Portable Application
- ◆ An Engine(s) Remaining At A Fixed Location For 12 Consecutive Months Or More \*
- ◆ An Engine(s) Operating At A Seasonal Site For 3 Months Or More \*

\* includes replacement engines



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# How Are Replacement Engines Treated?

- ◆ A Replacement Engine Is One That Replaces An Engine At A Fixed Location Or Seasonal Site And That Is Intended To Perform The Same Or Similar Function
- ◆ These Engines Are Included For Determining:
  - ◆ Stays for consecutive periods of time
  - ◆ Annual fuel use



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# What Is A Seasonal Site?

- ◆ A Seasonal Site Is A Location At Which An Engine(s) Remains, Or Returns To, For 2 Or More Consecutive Years Or Operating Seasons
  - ◆ Example:
    - ◆ canning operations



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# Requirements

- ◆ All Affected Applications (non-exempt  $\geq 100$  Horsepower)
  - ◆ On-road fuel oil
- ◆ Engines At A Test Facility, Fixed Location or Seasonal Site Combusting 40,000 Gals. Or More A Year Fuel Oil
  - ◆ Particulate matter (PM) controls applied to facility emissions or to engines (add-on controls)



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# What Level Of PM Control Would Be Required?

- ◆ Individual Engine(s)
  - ◆ Existing: equipped with a device certified by California Air Resources Board, the US EPA, or as approved by DNR using equivalent test method
  - ◆ New & Modified: Best Available Control Technology (BACT)
    - ◆ add-on controls (engine)
    - ◆ commercially available new engine designs





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# What Level Of PM Control Would Be Required?

- ◆ Facilities That Test Engines They Manufacture and/or Assemble Into Original Equipment
  - ◆ New, Modified and Existing: Best Available Control Technology (BACT)
    - ◆ control technology (facility)
    - ◆ new engine designs



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# Timing

- ◆ On-Road Fuel Oil
  - ◆ Beginning 6 months after effective date of rule
- ◆ Existing Source Controls
  - ◆ No later than 36 months after effective date of rule
- ◆ New & Modified Sources
  - ◆ Upon start-up



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# Permit Requirements

- ◆ Existing Source:
  - ◆ Facility subject to BACT would be reviewed as part of a revision to an operating permit
  - ◆ Engine(s) subject to control requirements would certify compliance
  - ◆ Engine(s) without control requirements maintain records of fuel use
- ◆ New & Modified Source Subject To BACT
  - ◆ Would be reviewed under construction permit



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# How Were The Engine & Fuel Levels Chosen?

- ◆ 100 HP & 40,000 Gallons Per Year Were Determined To Be Equivalent To The Annual PM Impact Allowed By Existing Permit Exemption Level
  - ◆ 3000 kilowatts = (approx.) 3950 HP
  - ◆ 3950 HP x 200 hrs. x \_\_\_\_ grams/HP-hr = \_\_\_\_ lbs./yr.
  - ◆ \_\_\_\_ lbs./yr. / \_\_\_\_ lbs./1000 Btu